#### Schedule 2 FORM ECSRC – OR

(Select One)	
[ ] QUARTERLY FINANCIAL R	REPORT for the period ended Sept 30th, 2016
Pursuant to Section 98(2) of the Se	· 이 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	OR
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT	
for the transition period from Pursuant to Section 98(2) of the Sec (Applicable where there is a change	curities Act, 2001 e in reporting issuer's financial year)
Issuer Registration Number: 3456	40
Grenreal Property Corp	
(Exact name of re	eporting issuer as specified in its charter)
Grenada, W.I.	
(Territory	or jurisdiction of incorporation)
Melville Street, P.O. Box	x 1950, St. George's, Grenada, W.I
(Address	s of principal executive Offices)
(Reporting issuer's:	
Telephone number (including area co	ode): + 1 473 435 8372
Fax number:	+ 1 473 435 8373
Email address:	info@grenreal.com
Not applicable	
(Former name, former address	and former financial year, if changed since last report)
(Provide information	n stipulated in paragraphs 1 to 8 hereunder)
Indicate the number of outstanding stock, as of the date of completion of	shares of each of the reporting issuer's classes of common this report.

CLASS	NUMBER
Ordinary Shares	7,662,598

#### **SIGNATURES**

A Director, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the company shall sign this Annual Report on behalf of the company. By so doing each certifies that he has made diligent efforts to verify the material accuracy and completeness of the information herein contained.

The Chief Financial Officer by signing this form is hereby certifying that the financial statements submitted fairly state the company's financial position and results of operations, or receipts and disbursements, as of the dates and period(s) indicated. The Chief Financial Officer further certifies that all financial statements submitted herewith are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards consistently applied (except as stated in the notes thereto) and (with respect to year-end figures) including all adjustments necessary for fair presentation under the circumstances.

Name of Chief Executive Officer:	Name of Director:
Linus Spencer Thomas	Ronald Hughes //////
SIGNED AND CERTIFIED	SIGNED AND CERTIFIED
19/04/2016	19/04/2016
Date	Date
Name of Chief Financial Officer: Sukru Evrengun	
SIGNED AND CERTIFIED	
Signature	
Date 19 Oct 2016	

#### INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN FORM ECSRC-OR

#### 1. Financial Statements

Provide Financial Statements for the period being reported in accordance with International Accounting Standards. The format of the financial statements should be similar to those provided with the registration statement. Include the following:

- (a) Condensed Balance Sheet as of the end of the most recent financial year and just concluded reporting period.
- (b) Condensed Statement of Income for the just concluded reporting period and the corresponding period in the previous financial year along with interim three, six and nine months of the current financial year and corresponding period in the previous financial year.
- (c) Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the just concluded reporting period and the corresponding period in the previous financial year along with the interim three, six and nine months of the current financial year and the corresponding period in the previous financial year.
- (d) By way of Notes to Condensed Financial Statements, provide explanation of items in the financial statements and indicate any deviations from generally accepted accounting practices.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.

Discuss the reporting issuer's financial condition covering aspects such as liquidity, capital resources, changes in financial condition and results of operations during the reporting period. Discussions of liquidity and capital resources may be combined whenever the two topics are interrelated. Discussion of material changes should be from the end of the preceding financial year to the date of the most recent interim report.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis should disclose sufficient information to enable investors to judge:

- 1. The quality of earnings;
- 2. The likelihood that past performance is indicative of future performance; and
- 3. The issuer's general financial condition and outlook.

It should disclose information over and above that which is provided in the management accounts and should not be merely a description of the movements in the financial statements in narrative form or an otherwise uninformative series of technical responses. It should provide management's perspective of the company that enables investors to view the business from the vantage point of management.

The discussion should focus on aspects such as liquidity; capital resources; changes in financial condition; results of operations; material trends and uncertainties and measures

taken or to be taken to address unfavourable trends; key performance indicators; and non-financial indicators.

#### General Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition

Rental income for the third quarter of 2016 increased to EC\$2.8 million compared to the prior period (EC\$ 2.77 million) with a decline in total income from EC\$3.18 million in 2015 to EC\$3.17 million. A few contracts were not continued this year which contributed to the reduction in total income. Additionally, the granting of non-budgeted and seasonal discounts to distressed tenants is expected to continue to maintain the tenant rental pool.

Operational expenses increased to EC\$1.23 million (EC\$1.07 million 2015) while general expenses declined to EC\$0.34 million (EC\$1.44 million 2015). This increase is mainly linked to maintenance costs expected with an aging property. Interest costs is more favourable at EC\$1.37 million, a 29% improvement from the prior period quarter at EC\$1.95 million reflective of the benefits derived from refinancing at a lower interest rate.

The company recorded a gain for the nine month period ended September 2016 of EC \$0.22 million. The management 's team main focus continues to be cost minimization and revenue generation.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Provide a narrative explanation of the following (but not limited to):

- The reporting issuer's financial condition covering aspects such as liquidity, capital resources, changes in financial condition and results of operations.
- ii) Any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in, or that are reasonably likely to result in, the issuer's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way. If a deficiency is identified, indicate the course of action that the reporting issuer has taken or proposes to take to remedy the deficiency.
- The issuer's internal and external sources of liquidity and any material unused sources of liquid assets.
- iv) Provisions contained in financial guarantees or commitments, debt or lease agreements or other arrangements that could trigger a requirement for an early payment, additional collateral support, changes in terms, acceleration of maturity, or the creation of an additional financial obligation such as adverse changes in the issuer's financial ratios, earnings, cash flows or stock price or changes in the value of underlying, linked or indexed assets.

- v) Circumstances that could impair the issuer's ability to continue to engage in transactions that have been integral to historical operations or are financially or operationally essential or that could render that activity commercially impracticable such as the inability to maintain a specified level of earnings, earnings per share, financial ratios or collateral.
- vi) Factors specific to the issuer and its markets that the issuer expects will affect its ability to raise short-term and long-term financing, guarantees of debt or other commitment to third parties, and written options on non-financial assets.
- vii) The relevant maturity grouping of assets and liabilities based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Commentary should provide information about effective periods and the way the risks associated with different maturity and interest profiles are managed and controlled.
- viii) The issuer's material commitments for capital expenditures as of the end of the latest fiscal period, and indicate the general purposes of such commitments and the anticipated source of funds needed to fulfil such commitments.
- ix) Any known material trends, favorable or unfavorable, in the issuer's capital resources, including any expected material changes in the mix and relative cost of capital resources, considering changes between debt, equity and any off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

#### Discussion of Liquidity and Capital Resources

The main source of revenue is derived from rental income approximately 90% while 10% from other services. Given the nature of the real estate tourism sector tenants largely depend on the cruise sector during the peak season and the retail sector all year round.

To sustain improvements in the cash flow position the company will not increase rental rates at this time. In spite of the liquidity constraints the essential working capital needs of the company were met. The overall liquidity position has improved with a working capital ratio of 0.24 compared to the previous quarter 0.13. There was a reduction in receivables to EC\$0.26 million (EC\$0.50 million in 2015) as well as short term debt from EC\$4.7 million to EC\$3.4 million. A shorter payback period was achieved in light of management's progressive approach to improve the debt collection ratio.

#### Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

Provide a narrative explanation of the following (but not limited to):

- Disclosures concerning transactions, arrangements and other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons that are reasonably likely to materially affect liquidity or the availability of, or requirements for capital resources.
- ii) The extent of the issuer's reliance on off-balance sheet arrangements should be described fully and clearly where those entities provide financing, liquidity, market or credit risk support, or expose the issuer to liability that is not reflected on the face of the financial statements.
- iii) Off-balance sheet arrangements such as their business purposes and activities, their economic substance, the key terms and conditions of any commitments, the initial on-going relationship with the issuer and its affiliates and the potential risk exposures resulting from its contractual or other commitments involving the offbalance sheet arrangements.
- iv) The effects on the issuer's business and financial condition of the entity's termination if it has a finite life or it is reasonably likely that the issuer's arrangements with the entity may be discontinued in the foreseeable future.

The Company	does not have	any off-baland	ce sheet arra	ngements.	

#### Results of Operations

In discussing results of operations, issuers should highlight the company's products and services, facilities and future direction. There should be a discussion of operating considerations and unusual events, which have influenced results for the reporting period. Additionally, any trends or uncertainties that might materially affect operating results in the future should be discussed.

Provide a narrative explanation of the following (but not limited to):

- Any unusual or infrequent events or transactions or any significant economic changes that materially affected the amount of reported income from continuing operations and, in each case, the extent to which income was so affected.
- ii) Significant components of revenues or expenses that should, in the company's judgment, be described in order to understand the issuer's results of operations.
- iii) Known trends or uncertainties that have had or that the issuer reasonably expects will have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.
- iv) Known events that will cause a material change in the relationship between costs and revenues (such as price increases, costs of labour or materials), and changes in relationships should be disclosed.
- v) The extent to which material increases in net sales or revenues are attributable to increases in prices or to increases in the volume or amount of goods or services being sold or to the introduction of new products or services.
- vi) Matters that will have an impact on future operations and have not had an impact in the past.
- vii) Matters that have had an impact on reported operations and are not expected to have an impact upon future operations
- viii) Off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the registrant's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.
- ix) Performance goals, systems and, controls.

# Overview of Results of Operations A positive growth in performance was achieved at the end of the quarter with profit of EC \$0.22 million whereas excluding the gain from refinancing in 2015 the end result was a loss. The company continues to implement cost minimization strategies and avidly seeks new tenants to maintain growth in performance. The financial position has improved due to a higher fair market valuation of its properties coupled with benefits derived from refinancing. The loan to value previously 38% is now 36% and remains below the preferred limit not exceeding 50%. Trade receivables has decreased to EC\$ 0.26 million (EC\$0.5 million 2015), trade payables showed minimal change at EC \$2.5 million and to date the company has not defaulted on interest payments to the bank. We can expect cash flow constraints to continue however management is committed to implementing controls to sustain continuity of the mall.

#### 3. Disclosure about Risk Factors.

Provide a discussion of the risk factors that may have an impact on the results from operations or on the financial conditions. Avoid generalised statements. Typical risk factors include untested products, cash flow and liquidity problems, dependence on a key supplier or customer, management inexperience, nature of business, absence of a trading market (specific to the securities of the reporting issuer), etc. Indicate if any risk factors have increased or decreased in the time interval between the previous and current filing.

Risk factors that may impact on Grenreal's operations:

Nature of the real estate industry

There is disparity in the availability of rental units in Grenada mainly due to location. There are existing shopping malls in Grenada that can be viewed as competitors of Grenreal. In terms of pricing they can have lower rates. However, Grenreal as the sole cruise passenger mall on the island retains a competitive edge.

Dependency on economic conditions

Limited economic activity has an adverse impact on revenue collections. In particular Grenada has experienced declined GDP in 2015 and sluggish economic growth. At the end of the cruise season tenants may have difficulty keeping afloat. To curtail this Grenreal offers slow season discounts for duty free tenants and general discounts for non duty free tenants.

Development of the tourism industry

The Grenada Tourism Authority (GTA) has ear marked 2016/2017 cruise season to have increased cruise passenger arrivals. This is expected to continue provided there is consistency in the approach of the GTA to actively engage cruise liners and the cruise liners continue to agree to include Grenada in their destination package.

Liquidity risk

Grenreal can face difficulty in meeting its financial obligations in particular loan payments. The company as far as possible continues to mitigate same by ensuring sufficient resources are available when due, under both stressed and normal conditions. As part of receivables management tenants are actively engaged to comply with lease terms and conditions and granted discounts.

Changes in legislations

Grenada has implemented a structural adjustment program with increased taxation which has reduced the availability of disposal income, impacting negatively on the business owner and consumer. Grenreal is expected to continue with a depressed pricing strategy to sustain occupancy and attract potential tenants.

Operational risks

The possibility of deficiencies in company information and control systems, human error and disasters are assessed regularly and measured implemented to reduce same. In particular continuous upgrades to systems, supervisory control to minimize human error, insurance coverage for natural disasters and other policies where applicable.

#### 4. Legal Proceedings.

A legal proceeding need only be reported in the ECSRC – OR filed for the period in which it first became a reportable event and in subsequent interim reports in which there have been material developments. Subsequent Form ECSRC – OR filings in the same financial year in which a legal proceeding or a material development is reported should reference any previous reports in that year. Where proceedings have been terminated during the period covered by the report, provide similar information, including the date of termination and a description of the disposition thereof with respect to the reporting issuer and its subsidiaries.

hts to enforce			than using its e lease against a

#### 5. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) Where the rights of the holders of any class of registered securities have been materially modified, give the title of the class of securities involved. State briefly the general effect of such modification upon the rights of holders of such securities.

There have been no changes to the number and type of securities since listing in July 2008.

	Offer closing date (provide explanation if different from date disclosed in the
	registration statement)
• 1	Name and address of underwriter(s)
	Amount of expenses incurred in connection with the offer  Net proceeds of the issue and a schedule of its use
- I	Payments to associated persons and the purpose for such payments
	port any working capital restrictions and other limitations upon the payment of idends.

<ol><li>Defaults upon Senior Securities.</li></ol>	6.	Defaults	upon	Senior	Securities.
--	----	----------	------	--------	-------------

(a) If there has been any material default in the payment of principal, interest, a sinking or purchase fund instalment, or any other material default not satisfied within 30 days, with respect to any indebtedness of the reporting issuer or any of its significant subsidiaries exceeding 5 per cent of the total assets of the reporting issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries, identify the indebtedness. Indicate the nature of the default. In the case of default in the payment of principal, interest, or a sinking or purchase fund instalment, state the amount of the default and the total arrears on the date of filing this report.

(b) If any material arrears in the payment of dividends have occurred or if there has been any other material delinquency not satisfied within 30 days, give the title of the class and state the amount and nature of the arrears or delinquency.

Not applicable		

### 7. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

If any matter was submitted to a vote of security holders through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise during the financial year covered by this report, furnish the following information:

(a) The date of the meeting and whether it was an annual or special meeting.

Not applicable			

	applicable
(c)	A brief description of each other matter voted upon at the meeting and a statement of the number of votes cast for or against as well as the number of abstentions as to each such matter, including a separate tabulation with respect to each nominee for office.
Not	
INOL	applicable
(d)	A description of the terms of any settlement between the registrant and any other participant.
Not	applicable
(e)	Relevant details of any matter where a decision was taken otherwise than at a meeting of such security holders.
	olicable
tapr	ATTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
t app	

#### 8. Other Information.

The reporting issuer may, at its option, report under this item any information, not previously reported in a Form ECSRC – MC report (used to report material changes), with respect to which information is not otherwise called for by this form, provided that the material change occurred within seven days of the due date of the Form ECSRC-OR report. If disclosure of such information is made under this item, it need not be repeated in a Form ECSRC – MC report which would otherwise be required to be filed with respect to such information or in a subsequent Form ECSRC – OR report.

Not applicable			
	PK-T		

#### GRENREAL PROPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY - SEPTEMBER 2016

INCOME	30-Sep 2016 EC\$	30-Sep 2015 EC\$
Net Rental Income - retail units + kiosks	2,801,386	2,777,462
Service re-charge	145,362	145,287
Parking	155,686	209,358
Other income	75,081	55,975
	3,177,515	3,188,082
EXPENSES	3,177,515	3,188,082
Operational expenses		
Insurance	240,829	240,829
Security	170,100	155,990
Janitorial Services	105,590	117,950
Marketing and Public Relations	13,559	15,849
Utilities	169,787	229,162
Property Management / Salaries	212,821	208,508
Parking lot	20,088	18,385
Maintenance and other costs	286,911	72,186
Office supplies	17,856	11,973
	1,237,541	1,070,831
General expenses		
Office Rent	39,933	39,933
Auditor Fees	11,100	13,500
Subscription ECCSR	24,838	15,247
Banking Fees	1,842	1,973
Penalties and Fines	32	2,046
Legal Fees (Corporate)	102,207	4,321
Directors Fees	28,800	10,200
Corporate Management Fee	132,500	75,000
Professional Fees	-	1,281,534
	341,251	1,443,755
Total operational and general expenses	1,578,792	2,514,586
Operating Income before interest and depreciation	1,598,723	673,496
Deduct: Depreciation	2,589	845
Bad debt	1	1
Bank Interest	1,376,245	1,952,063
Finance Income	-	en francostrof state to
	1,378,835	1,952,909
Extraordinary Cost		(13,086,716)
Profit for the year	219,888	11,807,303

### GRENREAL PROPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30th, SEPTEMBER 2016

	30-Sep 2016 EC\$	31-Dec 2015 EC\$	30-Sep 2015 EC\$
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Investment property	66,952,900	66,952,900	61,790,500
Computers and Office furniture	126,777	2,968	100
	67,079,677	66,955,868	61,790,600
Current Assets			
Inventory	-		
Receivables and prepayments	266,000	437,333	503,673
Cash and cash equivalents	579,589	248,305	141,484
	845,589	685,638	645,156
TOTAL ASSETS	67,925,266	67,641,506	62,435,756
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Stated capital	25,365,000	25,365,000	25,365,000
Accumulated surplus	12,219,728	11,999,840	7,196,161
Total equity	37,584,728	37,364,840	32,561,161
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long term loan	24,400,000	24,400,000	23,371,576
Shareholders loan	2,446,760	2,352,365	1,705,900
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	2,555,825	2,241,173	2,095,169
Amount due to related party	937,953	1,283,128	1,673,527
Short-term borrowings			1,028,424
	3,493,778	3,524,301	4,797,119
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	67,925,266	67,641,506	62,435,756

# GRENREAL PROPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 2016

	30-Sep 2016 EC\$
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	
Profit for the period	219,888
Adjustments for:	
Depreciation	2,589
Operating Cash Flow before working capital changes	222,477
Inventory	
Accounts receivable and prepayments	(9,546)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	313,037
Amount due to related parties	(165,270)
Proposed building improvements	-
Net Cash from Operating Activities	360,698
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	
Additions to investment property	(123,808)
Purchase of vehicle	-
Purchase of equipment	
Net Cash from Investing Activities	(123,808)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities	
Net proceeds from long term borrowings	40
Net proceeds from short term borrowings	
Shareholders' Loan	94,394
Net Cash from Financing Activities	94,394
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	331,284
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Period	248,305
Caşh and Cash Equivalents - End of Period	579,589